



Design and Implementation of External Capacitor in DVR System for Improving the Power Quality

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Abstract: Dynamic voltage restorer (DVR) is one product that can provide improved voltage sag and swell compensation with strength storage integration. Ultra capacitors (UCAP) have low-energy density and high-energy density perfect traits for compensation of voltage sags and voltage swells, which are both events that require high electricity for quick spans of time. The novel contribution of this paper lies in the integration of rechargeable UCAP-primarily based totally power storage into the DVR topology. With this integration, the UCAP-DVR tool could have lively power functionality and can be able to independently compensate temporary voltage sags and swells without counting on the grid to compensate for faults on the grid like in the beyond. UCAP is incorporated into dc-hyperlink of the DVR via a bidirectional dc-dc converter, which allows in offering a stiff dc-link voltage, and the included UCAP-DVR device allows in compensating brief voltage sags and voltage swells, which ultimate from 3 s to one min. Complexities involved in the layout and management of each the dc-ac inverter and the dc-dc converter are discussed.

Keywords: DVR (Dynamic Voltage Restorer); Ultra Capacitor; Voltage Sag And Swells;

I. INTRODUCTION

The installation of the area's first dynamic voltage restorer (DVR) on a high US utility system to shield a crucial client plant load from electrical system voltage disturbances ushers in a today's era of energy first rate hassle answer at the application issue of the revenue billing meter. The prototype DVR constructed by means of way of Westinghouse for EPRI become set up in August 1996 at the Duke Power Company (North Carolina) 12.Forty-seven kV tool at an automatic yarn production and weaving manufacturing facility wherein it gives safety from disturbances coming from the software distribution system that serves the plant. This paper describes the prototype DVR installation and gives early consequences from the demonstration task[1] The idea of the use of inverter-based totally dynamic voltage restorers (DVRs) for preventing customers from quick-time period voltage disturbances at the application side turned into confirmed for the first time through Woodley et al. The idea of using the DVR as an electricity top-notch product has received considerable popularity given that its first use. In, the authors recommend the use of the DVR with rechargeable energy garage on the dc-terminal to meet the energetic energy requirements of the grid at some stage in voltage disturbances. In order to keep away from and decrease the active strength injection into the grid, the authors additionally mention an alternative answer this is to catch up on the voltage sag with the resource of placing a lagging voltage in quadrature with the road modern. [2]

II. PREVIOUS STUDY

UCAP is integrated into dc-link of the DVR via a bidirectional dc-dc converter, which enables in providing a stiff dc-link voltage, and the included UCAP-DVR machine helps in compensating temporary voltage sags and voltage swells, which closing from three to 1 min. Complexities involved in the layout and manipulate of every the dc-ac inverter and the dc-dc converter. A UCAP cannot be right now linked to the dc-hyperlink of the inverter like a battery because the voltage profile of the UCAP varies because it discharges energy. Therefore, there can be a want to combine the UCAP machine thru a bidirectional dc-dc converter, which continues a stiff dc-hyperlink voltage, due to the fact the UCAP voltage decreases even as discharging and will increase while charging. The model of the bidirectional dc-dc converter and its controller are confirmed in Fig. Three, wherein the enter consists of three UCAPs linked in series and the output includes a nominal load of 213.Five Ω to save you operation at no-load and the output is installed to the dc hyperlink of the inverter. The amount of active electricity help required via the grid for the duration of a voltage sag event is depending on the intensity and duration of the voltage sag, and the dc-dc converter ought to be capable of face up to this power on the route of the release mode.

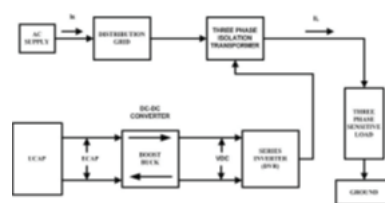


Fig.2.1.Block diagram.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

Among that power, great abnormalities voltage sags and surges or truly the fluctuating voltage conditions are taken into consideration to be one of the most commonplace sorts of abnormality. Those are also recognized as quick time period below/over voltage conditions that would remain from a fragment of a cycle to few cycles. Motor start-up, lightning moves, fault clearing, power issue switching are taken into consideration due to the fact the reasons for fluctuating voltage conditions. As the energy awesome problems are originated from the software program and client aspect, the solutions need to come from each and are named as software-based totally absolutely answers and consumer-based solutions respectively. The amazing examples for the one's varieties of answers are FACTS gadgets (Flexible AC Transmission Systems) and Custom power devices. FACTS gadgets are the ones managed by way of the utility, whereas the Custom energy gadgets are operated, maintained and managed by using way of the client itself and installed at the consumer premises. Both the FACTS gadgets and Custom electricity gadgets are primarily based on solid state electricity digital additives. As the present day technology emerged, the producing cost and the reliability of these robust country gadgets are progressed; sooner or later the protection gadgets which contain such stable country gadgets can be bought at a reasonable charge with better average performance than the opportunity electric or pneumatic gadgets to be had inside the marketplace. Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS), Dynamic Voltage Restorers (DVR) and Active Power Filters (APF) are examples for commonly used custom power gadgets.

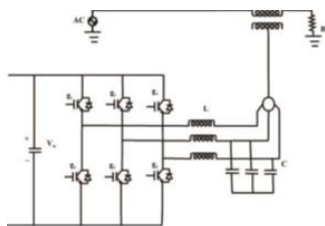


Fig.3.1. Model Diagram.

IV. SIMULATION RESULTS

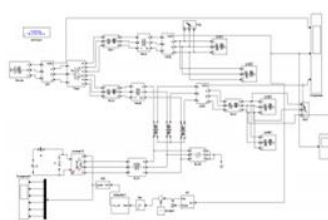


Fig.4.1. Simulation Circuit.

During Voltage sag occasion, the DC-DC converter has to be able to resist the electricity generated all through the discharge mode. Depend on intensity and length of the voltage sag; the grid makes a selection the amount of active strength help. Conversely, in the course of voltage swell event, the DC-DC converter may additionally capable of taking within the extra power from the grid. Thus bidirectional DC-DC converter acts in decorate mode on the identical time as discharging and, as an alternative, it acts as dollar mode inside the course of charging.

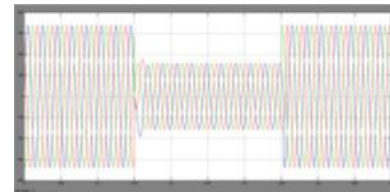


Fig.4.2. Simulation Results at sag condition.

The voltage sag and swell troubles are compensated efficiently with the aid of the mixing of UCAP with Dynamic Voltage Restorer linked via bidirectional DC-DC converter. Here the energetic strength may be absorbed by using the usage of UCAP-DVR from the grid all through voltage swell occasion thru the bidirectional converter and the inverter. It can be determined that because of the injected voltage, the value of the supply voltage is reduced, however the load voltage stays steady and as a result the voltage sag occasion may be compensated. Similarly, it is able to be observed that due to the injected voltage, the importance of supply voltage has expanded, however the load voltage stays constant and for that reason the voltage swell may be compensated.

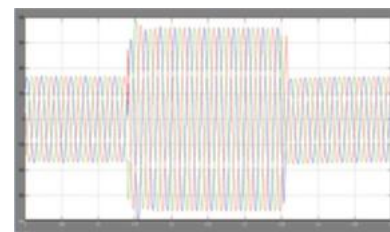


Fig.4.3. Voltage swells condition.

V. CONCLUSION

In this paper, the concept of integrating UCAP-primarily based rechargeable electricity storage to the DVR gadget to enhance its voltage restoration skills is explored. With this integration, the DVR can be able to independently compensate voltage sags and swells without relying on the grid to capture up on S integration thru a bidirectional dc-dc converter on the dc-link of the DVR are proposed. The power stage and control method of the gathering inverter, which acts due to the fact the DVR, are discussed. The manipulate strategy is

straightforward and is based on injecting voltages in-phase with the device voltage and is much less tough to enforce while the DVR machine has the capability to offer energetic energy. A higher diploma integrated controller, which takes picks based totally on the device parameters, offers inputs to the inverter and dc-dc converter controllers to carry out their control actions. Designs of foremost components in the energy level of the bidirectional dc-dc converter are referred to. Average present day-day mode manipulate is used to regulate the output voltage of the dc-dc converter because of its inherently stable feature. Results for short reaction in the direction of voltage sags/swells in two degrees can be covered inside the whole-version of this paper. Results from simulation and take a look at agreeing nicely with each distinct thereby verifying the standards introduced in this paper. Similar UCAP based totally electricity storages can be deployed inside the destiny on the distribution grid to reply to dynamic changes within the voltage profiles of the grid and save you touchy masses from voltage disturbances.

VI. REFERENCES

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